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COCHYLIMORPHA HALOPHILANA ADRIATICA SSP. N., A REMARKABLE
NEW TORTRICIDAE FROM FRIULI-VENEZIA GIULIA (ITALY) (LEPIDOPTERA)

COCHYLIMORPHA HALOPHILANA ADRIATICA SSP. N., NUOVO INTERESSANTE
TORTRICIDAE DEL FRIULI-VENEZIA GIULIA (ITALIA) (LEPIDOPTERA)

Abstract - *Cochylimorpha halophilana adriatica* ssp. n. is described from the province of Gorizia and compared with closely related taxa: *C. halophilana* (CHRISTOPH, 1872) is considered as a polymorphic species including the subspecies *C. halophilana halophilana* (CHRISTOPH, 1872) from Iran, Afghanistan, southern Russia, Caucasus and Slovakia, *C. halophilana clavana* (CONSTANT, 1888) stat. rev. from South France and *C. halophilana adriatica* ssp. n. from northern Italy. The main differences in the taxa involved are found in wing pattern and colour whereas the genitalia are transitional in characters.

Key words: Lepidoptera, Tortricidae, *Cochylimorpha halophilana adriatica* ssp. n., *C. halophilana clavana* stat. rev., Taxonomy, Italian fauna.

Riassunto breve - *Cochylimorpha halophilana adriatica* ssp. n. della provincia di Gorizia viene qui descritta e confrontata con alcuni taxa strettamente affini: *C. halophilana* (CHRISTOPH, 1872) viene considerata specie polimorfa comprendente la sottospecie *C. halophilana halophilana* (CHRISTOPH, 1872) di Iran, Afghanistan, Russia meridionale, Caucaso e Slovacchia, *C. halophilana clavana* (CONSTANT, 1888) stat. rev. della Francia meridionale e *C. halophilana adriatica* ssp. n. dell'Italia settentrionale. Le differenze fra i taxa interessati si individuano principalmente nel disegno e nel colore delle ali, mentre i genitali hanno caratteri intermedi.

Parole chiave: Lepidoptera, Tortricidae, *Cochylimorpha halophilana adriatica* ssp. n., *C. halophilana clavana* stat. rev., Tassonomia, Fauna italiana.

Introduction

Moths of the tortricoid tribe Cochylini are quite well known in Europe, mainly due to their frequently colourful external appearance. Identification of Palearctic species was made possible already by KENNEL (1913-1921) and RAZOWSKI (1970) and only a few species have been described since then, particularly within the genus *Phtheochroa* (HUEMER, 1990). From the Italian territory 100 species of Cochylini have been counted so far (TREMATERRA, 1995; HUEMER & TREMATERRA, 1997; TREMATERRA & GENTILE, 1998; TREMATERRA & SCIARRETTA, 2000). It was therefore most surprising when a few specimens of an initially unknown taxon of the

